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Agenda

- 1.Introduction
- 2.EU programming 2014-20: new methodology
- 3 Pilot test and new indicators
- 4.A case study on Tourism Policy
- 5. What Sardinian Region is doing
- 6.Conclusion



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The new European approach has encouraged Sardinian Region to use indicators, but we have several works in progress.



Here we talk about two of them:

- IDMS (born 4 years ago, linked to regional programming)
- Changes and effects: the use of indicators as a support for programming in the Sardinian Region

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1. Introduction First work:

Changes and effects: the use of indicators as a support for programming in the Sardinian Region



as a pilot test for indicators for new Cohesion Policy 2014-2020

It is based on:

a)two key words for new European approach : Change and Interoperability

b)two questions: What do you want to change? How do we measure it?



is a work in progress of a task force composed by personnel of all Region of Sardinia departments, coordinated by evaluation Division of monitoring on public investments.



a part of the work: Indicators on Toursim Policy





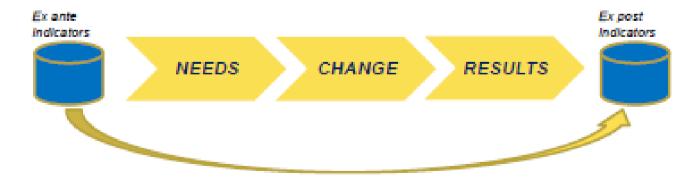






2. EU programming 2014-20: new methodology

- In December 2012 EU Commission released "Guidance document on monitoring and evaluation of European Regional Development Fund and Cohesion for the 2014 – 2020 programming period "
- In the document it is stated that the citizens (beneficiaries) will play an important role in the new programming 2014-2020 in two ways:
- > Contribute to set up the "need" to be fulfilled by investment projects
- >Monitor and Control the project, as they expect to know what has been achieved with public money and want to be sure that EU run the best policy
- ➤ Sardinia Region has recently started the process for the definition of the new programming 2014-20 using european funds. The results obtained by the development policies, measured by indicators, play an important role as they will be communicated and shared with stakehoders: citizens, entreprenurial association, syndacate, etc.



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3. Pilot test and new indicators: a case study on Tourism Policy

What do you want to change? How do we measure it?

- >Why are the results indicators so important? What do the indicators means?
- ➤ Starting from needs, policy makers must identify the change in the current situation, to be obtained
- > Change will be measured by a set of statistical indicators
- ➤Tourism Policy: the change we have identified is increasing the mean number of tourists in winter period, so indicator will be a mean number of tourists in winter
- ➤The emphasis is on the outcome, defined as the specific well-being and progress of people (workers, entrepreneurs, savers, family or community members, consumer etc.) that motivates policy action
- ➤The choice of needs and outcomes should be the result of a deliberative process, based on public debate (use of Open Data and WEB 2.0 social media)
- Outcome must be simple, with a strong statistical meanings and at the same time easy to communicate



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4. A case study on Tourism Policy

- Tourism Policy is strong driven by Region of Sardinia
- Strong Identity, 300 local museums, 377 towns
- \$\phi\$ airports , \$2\$ medium ports, several small ports
- Actions of territorial marketing



♦Tourists mainly in July and August

+High cost of transportation

initiative de-seasoning or other type of events) funded by Region that comprise at least one night stay in the low season by countries and regions of origin Change: improve the by countries and regions of origin initiative de-seasoning or other type of events) funded by Region that comprise at least one night stay in the low season by countries and regions of origin initiative de-seasoning or other type of events) funded by Region that comprise at least one night stay in the low season by countries and regions of origin	What do you want to change?	How do we measure it? Indicators	
Change: improve the tourism □number of presences in low season by countries and regions of origin ⊕ number of events (conventions and initiative de-seasoning or other type of events) funded by Region that comprise at least one night stay in the low season Change: improve the tourism ⊕ number of the seasonal initiatives funded by bonus addressed to nor resident people Improve the tourism □ number of visitors in museums and archeological areas in low season Improve the tourism □ number of the seasonal initiatives funded by bonus addressed to nor resident people Improve the tourism □ number of visitors in museums and archeological areas in low season Improve the tourism □ number of the seasonal initiatives funded by bonus addressed to nor resident people Improve the tourism □ number of the seasonal initiatives funded by bonus addressed to nor resident people Improve the tourism □ number of tourist facilities funded Improve the tourism □ number of the seasonal initiatives funded Improve the tourism □ number of the seasonal initiatives funded Improve the tourism □ number of the seasonal initiatives funded Improve the tourism □ number of the seasonal initiatives funded Improve the tourism □ number of the seasonal initiatives funded Improve the tourism □ number of the seasonal initiatives funded Imp			
Change: improve the tourism demand in the low season Inumber of visitors in museums and archeological areas in low season Inumber of visitors in museums and archeological areas in low season Initiative de-seasoning or other type of events) funded by Region that comprise at least one night stay in the low season Inumber of presences in low season		Result indicators	Output indicators
21 ct May, 2013 Newcastle Sonia Pictis	tourism demand in the low season	by countries and regions of origin unumber of visitors in museums and	 number of the seasonal initiatives funded by bonus addressed to non resident people Number of tourist facilities funded No of residents that stay at least one night in low season (economic and





5 What Sardinian Region is doing

- Set up of 7 focus group dedicated to the new programming, one of them is specifically devoted to common indicators and output indicators
- √The work group had been created and is composed by personnel of all regional department coordinated by evaluation unit of monitoring on public investments
- √ Starting from the indicators indicated by the EU, Regione Sardegna is at present choosing the most appropriate to the specific needs and programming
- √A questionnaire has been sent to all departments contact point to make a
 census of all the data bases related to the 11 priority sector to address in the
 new programming policy, in order to set up the indicators ex ante and target
- √The DB will be built with the indicators and will be integrated within a central (government) WEB site called "open coesione" in a OPEN DATA format.



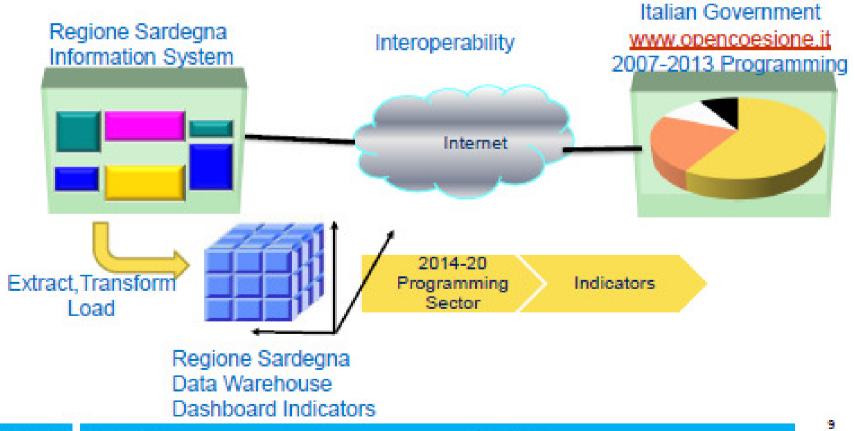
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6. Conclusion

A business intelligent dashboard will be made available, the model is the web site of the italian government: opencoesione.gov.it. The information of programming 2007-13 will be available also in a OPEN DATA format to stakeholders







Thank you

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